

# CROSSFIELD CHRONICLE

VOL. XXIII. No. 1

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 4th, 1932

PRICE 1.50 A YEAR

## Laut's Store News

A visitor in China was surprised to see men carrying lighted lanterns in broad daylight last January. He found that Chinese custom requires payment of debts before the end of the year. These men had not discharged their debts. They had not finished with the old year and were carrying lanterns to signify that for them the New Year's sun had not risen. Has the sun risen for you.

Things getting a bit dingy about the house, try our  
Waxes and Polishes--

Stephens Floor Wax, 1 lb. tins	50c
Liquid Wax with can of rug stain	85c
O'Cedar Oil, bottle	25c
Silver Polish, the best made	30c
Van Kel Cleaner, 3 cans	25c
Scrub Brushes, best quality	30c

Getting Your Summer Meat Ready--

Best quality Butcher Knives, 50c to	\$1.00
Meat Choppers	2.50
Smoked Salt 10 lb. tin	1.35
Salt-Petre, pkg.	10c

A number of Vinegar Barrels suitable for pickling pork at reasonable prices.

We have lettuce, fresh tomatoes and celery, fresh rhubarb and other dainties to tempt jaded appetites.

Wm. Laut

## GOOD NEWS

For Car and Truck Owners

New Reduced Price on All General  
Motor Parts

New Reduced Prices on all Repair Work.

Such as Overhauling, Reborring, Valve Grinding.  
HEATED GARAGE--What a difference it makes.

EVERYTHING A GARAGE  
SHOULD BE.

CROSSFIELD GARAGE

F. T. BAKER, Proprietor

Phone 4

Crossfield, Alberta.

## Old Man Depression

Has gone around the corner.

Winter weather is still here, however, and a good antidote is a load of AETNA COAL and some nice Dry Pine Blocks.

We Have Both--Give Us a Call and  
Have a Hot Time.

Atlas Lumber Co., Ltd.  
HARRY R. FITZPATRICK

## TANKAGE and MEAT SCRAP

I will have in a few days a stock of Tankage and Meat Scrap at Greatly Reduced Prices while it lasts.

Farm Equipment - Radios - Insurance  
We are also Agents for Commercial Fertilizer

W. K. Gibson

TELEPHONE 68

HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR HOGS

## Meat at Reduced Prices

Choice line of Fresh and Cured Meats  
SPECIALS EVERY DAY

Electric Refrigeration. Kash and Karry  
HOME MEAT MARKET

## Local Curlers Do Well At Carstairs Bonspiel

The Bobbie Smart rink brought home the bacon from the Carstairs bonspiel on Saturday when they won the Merchants Cup. They defeated Black in the finals 20-5 in 10 ends. McCaskill won third in Merchants and McRory third in the Distributors.

The Bobbie Smart rink was well balanced and would get into the money in any spiel. Hall McCaskill rink also went big, and just missed the finals. Hall won from Purvis and came within an ace of putting the Smart rink out of the Merchants. They were even up coming home and were laying four when Bobbie drew to the button with his last rock to save the game.

Two shut outs were chalked up during the spiel, both of these were administered by Crossfield rink--Purvis handing Hyslop a 16 to 0 whitewash, and Smart giving Mills a 14 to 0 count of the same stuff.

The rinks were as follows: E. Billa, F. Patchell, Ed. Meyers, L. McRory, skip. Evan Gordon, Dr. McClelland, Rev. H. Young, Hall McCaskill, skip. R. M. McCool, A. A. Hall, Chas. Purvis, Gordon Purvis, skip. L. Overby, C. Becker, Glen Williams, Bobbie Smart, skip.

The bonspiel was not as well managed as you would expect, although no serious harm was done. Curlers are in the habit of playing according to Caledonian rules and any diversion from these rules--such as substituting players--is not to the best interests of the game, however, it is entirely up to Carstairs to run their bonspiel as they see fit.

## Board of Trade Notes

Don't forget the banquet to be held in the Masonic Hall on Tuesday evening next. The banquet is being held to do honor to those citizens who have done much in the publicity of Crossfield and district.

To become a member of your Board of Trade is to show that you are interested in the community.

A member of the Board of Trade is out for the welfare of his neighbor as well as himself.

The drive for membership is now on, the fee is \$1.00. This is an investment and is not money sunk and lost.

If you are interested in bettering conditions of the community the Board of Trade is behind you!

## OBITUARY

Mrs. Ernest Whittaker, age 52 formerly of Crossfield, died in the hospital at Drumheller early Sunday morning. Interment will be in the Crossfield cemetery on Friday afternoon at three o'clock.

## School Fair Meeting

Saturday, February 6th.

The School Fair meeting held in the Town Hall on Saturday afternoon last was not very well attended owing no doubt to the cold weather. It was decided to hold another meeting on Saturday, Feb. 6th at 2.30, when it is expected that at least a trustee or representative from each School District will be present.

It is most important that your district be represented at this meeting, so that an early start can be made in preparing for a bigger Fair than last year.

Remember the date--Saturday, February 6 in the Town Hall at 2.30 p. m.

## CACTUS NEWS

Dr. Whillans is predicting an early spring and considerable moisture, that is if Dr. understands the cactus language, of course, he may have noticed in the almanac that there is to be an early Easter.

## OLD-TIMERS' MAKE MERRY AT ANNUAL ROUND-UP

Tuesday evening the annual Round-up of the Crossfield and District Old Timers' Association, was again a great success, this being the sixth time that the Old Timers gathered together to renew acquaintances of by gone days, and entertain each other for one more night, in the good old fashioned way, and by forgetting the depression of these modern times, for at least that one night.

After the very substantial banquet table was partaken of, Mr. Wm. Laut, chairman of the evening began to slowly unravel in his own characteristic way, the program that he prepared during the earlier part of the evening. A very impressive item of the program was the mention of, and standing tribute, to all the Old Timers who had taken their departure from the strifes and turmoil of this life, into the realm of their rewards.

Quite a number of early residents of the district were present for the first time, and expressed entire satisfaction in the way they were received.

About 10.30 o'clock the Old Time Orchestra, from C. F. C. N. Radio Studio Calgary, started up, with that beautiful swing and rhythm, that only old time music can provide, to such an extent that the old boys and girls, forgot entirely about their many aches and pains between the toes, and about 3.30 in the morning the old fellows started for home.

## Round-Up Notes

There were 240 in attendance.

The orchestra came here highly recommended but it was even better than was expected.

My, oh my, didn't Ed. and Hall dance.

And say, did you see Tom Tred-away?

Angus Robertson's maiden speech went over big.

## C. ASMUSSEN ELECTED BY ACCLAMATION

The annual meeting of the Village and nominations for council was held in the Fire Hall last night (Wednesday.) The attendance indicates that the ratepayers are absolutely satisfied with the work carried on by the council of the past or else they have decided that they have nothing to say. The meeting was attended by all the councillors, the secretary-treasurer, and the town cop.

Mr. Assmusen retiring council was elected by acclamation for a term of three years.

## HOCKEY--FRIDAY NIGHT

February 5th.

CARSTAIRS vs. CROSSFIELD  
at 8 o'clock

## PRESENTATION TO MR. AND MRS. LEWIS

Messrs. A. Cruickshank, Wm. Urquhart, F. Stevens, Geo. Murdoch and Ed. Meyers paid a surprise visit to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ivor Lewis on Wednesday evening last, and on behalf of the different organizations of the town, presented Mr. Lewis with a club bag and Mrs. Lewis with a bouquet of roses.

Many social events have been held for Mr. and Mrs. Lewis during the past two weeks, showing the high esteem in which they are held in this community, where they have resided for the past twenty-five years.

A friendship of twenty-five years is not easily broken off, and it is to be hoped that Mr. and Mrs. Lewis, after their visit to the Old Country, will again take up their residence in Crossfield.

We are now in a position to supply---

## Wayne Double Screened Lump COAL

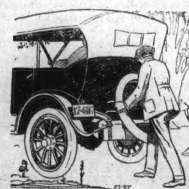
AT

\$6.00 per ton off car

\$6.25 per ton out of shed.

Why travel 75 miles for a much inferior coal which costs you almost as much.

Crossfield District Co-Operative  
Association U. F. A. Limited



You are guaranteed a real repair or overhaul job here. We will give you a close price on any job.

Get our prices on tires before buying elsewhere.

Batteries Recharged.

## The Service Garage

W. J. Wood

Phone 11

Tires

Accessories

Repairs

## THE OLIVER HOTEL

A. CRUICKSHANK, Prop.

Steam Heated, Hot and Cold Water

Dining Room and Lunch Counter in Connection

Crossfield

Phone 54

Alberta.

## Auction Sale

I have been instructed, by MRS. M. PORTEOUS, to sell by Public Auction, at her residence in Crossfield on

Saturday, February 13

Sale to Commence at 2 p. m.

THE FOLLOWING

Household Effects

Couch and Mattress. 3 Dressers and Washstands, Sideboard, Table and Chairs, 2 Congoleum Rugs, Heater, Office Desk, Edison Gramophone and Records, Sewing Machine, Monarch Kitchen Range, 3 Beds, Springs and Mattresses, Mantle Clock, Fruit Jars, Washing Machine, Vacuum Washer, Parlor Table, Book Case, Books, Lamps, Kitchen Chairs, Gasoline Stove, Pictures, Window Shades, etc.

TERMS CASH

NO RESERVE

Mrs. M. Porteous  
Owner

Leslie Farr  
Auctioneer

## Outstanding Value Always

# "MILBURN'S" TEA

"Fresh from the Gardens"

## Are We Over-Governed?

The current economic depression, and the resultant financial stringency,—possibly the order of these two conditions should be reversed,—have led to the advancement of many suggestions and ideas having as their object the effecting of economies in national, provincial and municipal spheres of government and administration. Unquestionably people generally are in a frame of mind to give that serious consideration to these matters which they deserve but which would have been denied to them a few years ago.

Mounting national, provincial and municipal debts, resulting in the twin evils of curtailed public services and higher taxation, reacting adversely upon all individual and community business, is leading serious-minded men and women to realize that their must be a reduction in the costs of our governmental business, and that such reduction must be on a fairly large scale; that the mere lopping off of a few minor services, a percentage reduction in salaries, will not suffice; that, on the contrary, savings aggregating many millions of dollars annually must be effected.

The issue is one extending far beyond the bounds of partisan politics; rather it rests within the domain of higher politics, that is, it is a vital, integral part of the true science of government. As such it can and must be discussed openly, boldly, fearlessly, and to that discussion, and ultimate consideration of facts and proposals, every thinking man and woman should be patriotically inspired to make their contribution. It is their own business, their own future, as well as the business and future of their Dominion which is at stake.

Herbert Spencer once wrote: "The man who, expending his energies wholly on private matters refuses to take part in public affairs, pluming himself on his vision in minding his own business, is blind to the fact that his own business is made possible only by the prosperity of all."

There are some people who still pride themselves on remaining aloof from all participation in public affairs. They even assume a superior attitude and treat with contempt those who take an active interest in community affairs, politics, and international relationships. But the trend of events in recent years has shattered the self-complacency of many of these individuals, and compelled them to recognize the truth of Herbert Spencer's dictum that the business, the success, the happiness, of the individual is made possible only to the extent that these things are enjoyed by all.

Even powerful nations which gloried in and boasted of their "splendid isolation," their indifference to the fate of other nations and peoples, and who regarded themselves as self-sufficient unto themselves, are being forced to alter their views and change their attitude. Geographically and in a physical sense the world may be just as big as it ever was, it may even be bigger in other respects, but it is very much smaller in so far as the relation of one nation to another is concerned. The factor of time in international communication has been almost annihilated by wireless, radio, the telephone, airships, fast steamships, steam and electric railways, and automobiles. A man living 100 miles away is nearer to us than one only 10 miles away half a century ago.

We are conforming to these radical changes in many of our personal, business, economic and social relationships, but in many respects we have ignored them in the development of our governmental functions, adhering rather to systems and policies laid down in by-gone years and in an altogether differently constituted world. Only in recent years have people been awakening to this fact, and the difficulties which all peoples and governments have been confronted within the last two or three years are forcing upon them the conclusion that it is high time that something was done to bring governmental institutions into harmony with the new era in which we are living.

Without assuming to say what ought to be done, and without attempting even the task of offering suggestions, the writer proposes in succeeding articles to discuss some of the suggestions that have been advanced in certain quarters. He proposes to do so with only one object in view, and that is to encourage readers of this column to give consideration to these matters, to think them over, to study them, to discuss them with friends and neighbors; in a word, to assist in creating and developing a live public opinion in relation to the whole subject of our legislative and administrative machinery, that is, our entire governmental structure and the effect of it, as it exists, upon what are at present regarded as essential revenues and expenditures, involving not only present but the ever steadily increasing taxation of the individual.

## Association of Canadian Clubs

## Annual Meeting Will Be Held At Regina In August

The annual convention of the Association of Canadian Clubs will be held at Regina, Saskatchewan, this year, August 29, 30 and 31, it was decided at a meeting of the central executive held at Ottawa.

The resignation of Graham Spry, national secretary, was accepted, and Mrs. P. A. Wheeler, assistant secretary, will be in charge of the headquarters at Ottawa until a successor is appointed at the Regina convention. Tribute to Mr. Spry's work as secretary was paid by Prof. R. C. Wallace, of Edmonton, president of the association, and other members of the executive.

Scientists have found what they believe to be the tomb of the famous poet Ovid on the site of the old Grecian city of Tomis.

If you trust to luck for anything you will be lucky if you get it.



Price 50c a box

Sold at all drug and general stores, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

## Her Heart Was So Bad Couldn't Do Housework

Mrs. E. Dragoman, R.R. 2, Midland, Ont., writes: "I had been troubled with heart trouble for many years."

My heart would beat so fast I could hardly breathe and I had headaches, and dizzy and fainting spells.

I couldn't get my housework done I was so weak.

I took three boxes of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and felt much better, and now I would not be without them in the house."

## Not Enough For One

## Smallest Christmas Pudding Was Only Inch in Diameter

The smallest Christmas pudding in the world, made entirely of Empire produce and weighing less than ¼ ounce, was exhibited side by side with a mammoth 16-ton plum pudding at the Royal Albert Hall, Kensington, S.W., London, England.

It was one inch in diameter and weighed 196 grains, and was specially made for the Christmas market in aid of the People's Dispensary for the Sick Animals of the Poor, by Miss Lily Dalton, who required the assistance of a mathematician and a chemist to work out and weigh the various ingredients. "It was made," she said, "from a recipe handed on to me by my grandmother. The 13 ingredients had to be chopped many times before they were sufficiently fine."

## Close London Office

## Office of Alberta Agent-General May Be Closed As Economy Measure

Office of the Alberta Agent-General in London, England, will be closed as an economy measure, it is understood.

The office was opened in 1913 and Hon. Herbert Greenfield, former Alberta Premier, was in charge for four years, retiring in March, 1931. Hugh M. Baker, Mr. Greenfield's secretary, has been in charge of the office since. It is estimated that the discontinuation of the office will save the Alberta Government approximately \$2,000 annually.

## Acids In Stomach Cause Indigestion

Creates Sourness, Gas and Pain.

Medical authorities state that nearly nine-tenths of the cases of stomach trouble, indigestion, sourness, gas, bloating, nausea, etc., are due to an excess of hydrochloric acid in the stomach. The delicate stomach lining is irritated, discolored and food sour, causing the disagreeable symptoms which stomach sufferers know so well.

Artificial stimulants are not needed in such cases and may do real harm. Instead rest from any drug and some spoonful of powder or four tablets of the stomach, prevents the accumulation of excess acid and there is no sourness, no indigestion, no gas, no bloating, no nausea, no pain, no discomfort, no expense to take and is the most efficient form of magnesia for stomach purposes. It is used by thousands of people who enjoy their meals with no more fear of indigestion.

## Expedition To Antarctic

## H. G. Watkins, Youthful Leader Plans Venture Next Fall

It was announced in London, England, recently, that H. G. Watkins, youthful leader of last year's Greenland exploration party, would head an expedition into the Antarctic next fall.

The expedition, which will sail in the early autumn, will attempt to cross the Antarctic from Weddell Sea to Ross Sea and map the southwest coast of Weddell Sea.

For Sprains and Bruises.—There is nothing better for sprains and contusions than Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. It will reduce the swelling that follows a sprain, will cool the inflamed flesh and draw the pain. It will take the ache out of a bruise by counteracting the inflammation. A trial will convince any who doubt its power.

## A Chinese Artist

## Has Picture Accepted For Exhibition At Ottawa Art Show

Yee Bon, 26-year-old Chinese of Toronto, is "very glad." One of his canvases has been accepted for exhibition at the National gallery art show in Ottawa. He is the first Chinese to have a picture accepted. He was born in Canton and came to Canada in 1919. Five years ago he entered the Winnipeg Art School and, later moving to Toronto, studied at the Ontario College of Art.

Miller's Worm Powders will eradicate the worm evil that burdens so heavily on children and is believed to cause many fatalities. They are an acceptable medicine to children and can be fully relied upon to clear the food channels thoroughly of these destructive parasites and restore the inflamed and painful surfaces to healthfulness. They are an excellent remedy for these evils.

"What is an optimist?"

"A man who doesn't mind what happens so long as it doesn't happen to him."

Caracul sheep, native to Asia, now are raised in Germany, France and Switzerland, and Italy is experimenting with them.

The sodium-vapo lamp is the most efficient artificial light source.

W. N. U. 1937



## CHILD need REGULATING?

## CASTORIA WILL DO IT!

When your child needs regulating, remember this: the organs of babies and children are delicate. Little bowels must be gently urged—never forced. That's why Castoria is used so many doctors and mothers. It is specially made for children's ailments; contains no harsh, harmful drugs, no narcotics. You can safely give it to young infants for colic pains. Yet it is an equally effective regulator for older children. The next time your child has a little cold or fever, or a digestive upset, give him the help of Castoria, the children's own remedy. Genuine Castoria always has the name:

*Wm. D. Galt*  
**CASTORIA**  
CHILDREN SAY FOR IT

## Depression In Retreat

## Roger Babson Says Trade Trend Is Now Turning Upward

Roger W. Babson, economist and statistician who predicted the stock market break of 1929, now says in a prepared statement:

"The depression is in retreat. The Babson chart, which was the basis for my forecast of the market break in 1929, is now with equal positiveness indicating that we have seen the trough of the depression of 1930-32, and that the present year will show an irregular movement toward higher or lower levels."

"The chart is now turning upwards for the first time in more than two years, except for the temporary rally of last spring. For some years to come I do not expect to see the Babson chart below the depth reached last November. Of course, this does not mean any sharp rise back to normal conditions, but it does indicate the depression is in retreat. The long range outlook is that fundamentally better times are now definitely assured."

Attacked By Asthma. The first relief sensation is of suffocation, when your throat becomes more desperate and hopeless. To such a case the relief afforded by Dr. J. D. Miller's Asthma Remedy seems nothing less than miraculous. Its help is quickly apparent and soon the dreadful attack is mastered. The asthmatic who has found out the dependability of this sterling remedy will never be without it. It is sold everywhere.

## Planning "Eat Fish" Campaign

## Maritimes Have Scheme Which Will Be Aimed At Fishermen

A. H. Brittain, president of the Canadian Fisheries Association, with Captain Frederick William Wallace and the two heads of the Fishermen's Federation of the Maritimes, President A. H. Hanlon, and Vice-President Burke, went to Ottawa recently for an interview with Hon. E. N. Rhodes, Fisheries Minister, to discuss a nationwide "eat fish" campaign. "If we could consume 10 more pounds per capita a year," Mr. Brittain said, "we should then consume 100,000,000 pounds more fish a year, and raise our per capita consumption from 22 to 32 pounds of fish per annum."

"The fishermen are our best buyers of made-in-Canada goods," said Mr. Brittain. "They do not buy imported Paris perfumes. They buy heavy Canadian woollens, Canadian groceries, Canadian manufactured articles. We can help no better class of people than the fisher folk."

## B. C. Salmon Pack

Reacting to business conditions the world over during the past year, British Columbia canned salmon industry shows the lowest pack in ten years, according to figures compiled by the canned salmon section of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association and released recently.

Recognized as a leading specific for the destruction of worms, Mosley's Worm Expeller has proved a boon to suffering children everywhere. It seldom fails.

Among the birds that have longer lifetimes than man's three score years, and ten are the parrot, the raven, the goose, the swan, and the falcon.

Northern Rhodesia is preparing to move its capital from Livingstone to Lusaka.

## Gandhi Lost Great Chance

## Art Of Compromising Would Have Made Him Leader Of All India

Mahatma Gandhi might have been the leader of a powerful United Indian Nationalist Party if he had used different tactics at the Round Table Conference, declared Rt. Hon. Srinivasan Sastry, one of India's greatest statesmen in the Indian Review.

Mr. Sastry, who is a former member of the Viceroy's Legislative Council, and has represented India at many Imperial and International gatherings, declared: "If ever the art of compromise was needed in human affairs it was when British, Hindu, Moslem, Sikh, Christian and Untouchable met one another at St. James's Palace, but Gandhi remained unbending to the end."

"This is why, from his standpoint, the conference failed. This is why the communal problem went unevolved. To enunciate principles, to fight for ideals, to make propaganda—these are high duties requiring rare ability—but when agitation has come to a head it is no ignoble part to make the most of the occasion and get the people more return for their sufferings."

## Invented Differential Gear

## Alexander Gallinger Failed To Get Patent For Idea

Alexander Gallinger, 87, inventor of a differential gear, is dead at his farm home Oshkosh, Wisconsin. In 1877, Gallinger and John Morse, owner of a foundry there, built a tractor which employed the differential principle. They drove it from Green Bay to Madison to claim a \$5,000 award offered by the legislature for demonstrating the invention's practicability. Gallinger failed to patent his invention and consequently never earned anything from it, outside the legislature's award. The differential later came to be an important part of the automobile.

Gallinger was born in Gallatin, Ontario, in 1844, and went to Oshkosh at the age of 13.

## An Original Idea

In the course of a speech to an education authority a lecturer stated that the best story of an examination he had heard was the following. At the end of an examination the master gathered up all the papers, among which he discovered one sheet which, instead of being covered with historical names and dates, bore merely a crude drawing of a tomb-stone on which was written, "Sacred to the memory which always deserts me on occasions like this."

"All-copper" houses are an innovation in the construction industry in Germany.

A remarkably durable floor covering is now made of leather, cut into squares and laid like tile.

A pet taken in December is worth three taken in pre-season.

Athletic sports are becoming popular in practically every city of China.

## Daughter, singing to her own accompaniment: I'm afraid, I'm afraid!

Father: You'll jolly soon be captured by such a melody as that!

## Sore Throat

... Here's comforting relief without "dosing."

Just rub on VICKS VAPORUB

Western Canada Fairs

Grand Stand Attractions For Class "A" Exhibitions Well Up To Standard

In the opinion of J. E. Rietz, secretary-manager of the Brandon Provincial Exhibition, the grandstand attractions to play around the western Canada circuit of class "A" exhibitions this year, are well up to the standard of other quality programmes secured in other years. The pageant selected for evening performances is called "Canada Marching On" and there is an entire ballet, vocal and dancing units connected with this production. It carries 64 people, but this will include 20 girls engaged locally.

The other acts on the programme include Duncan's colts, the Five Juggling Jewels, the Los Ovidus, three people in suspended terrariums, Ellen Dea on the slack wire. Happy and Go Lucky, comic acrobatics, and May, Teddy and Eddy in dancing numbers.

While every class "A" exhibition in western Canada is putting on running races, Brandon will feature only harness events. Regina and Brandon staged the harness horses in 1931, but this year Regina plans on a return to the gallopers.

## Giant Flying Boat

## May Build Airlship To Furnish Three and a Half Day Service Between Britain and Canada

The London Sunday Express said drawings were under preparation for a giant flying boat to be used on a three and one-half day service between Great Britain and Canada via the Azores, Bermuda and the United States.

An official of the Imperial Airways, interviewed by the Express, said negotiations were being carried on with the proposed service. He said also, that the flying boat would be the biggest ever known.

Cigarettes that extinguish themselves soon after they are thrown away are a new product, which may aid in fire prevention.

Daughter, singing to her own accompaniment: I'm afraid, I'm afraid!

Father: You'll jolly soon be captured by such a melody as that!

## "FATIGUE?"

I just postpone it!

"No, I don't have 'nerves.' You can't have them, and hold that sort of position. My head used to throb around three o'clock, and certain days, of course, were worse than others."

"Then I learned to rely on Aspirin."

The sure cure for any headache is rest. But sometimes we must postpone it. That's when Aspirin saves the day. Two tablets, and the nagging pain is gone until you are home. And once you are comfortable the pain seldom returns.

Keep Aspirin handy. Don't put it away, or put off taking it. Fighting a headache to finish the day may be heroic, but it is also a little foolish. So is sacrificing a night's sleep because you've an aching cold, or irritated throat, or grumbling tooth, neuralgia, neuritis. These tablets always relieve. They don't depress the heart, and they're taken freely. That is medical opinion. It is a fact established by the last twenty years of medical practice.

The only caution to be observed is when you are buying Aspirin. Don't take a substitute because it will not act the same. Aspirin is made in Canada.



# Possible Changes In Our Present Economic System Stressed By Robert Gardiner

Possible change in the present economic system of government was stressed by Robert Gardiner in his presidential address to the annual convention of the United Farmers of Alberta. Mr. Gardiner, U.S.A. member in the House of Commons for Acadia, succeeded Henry Wise Wood as president of the farmer body when Mr. Wood retired last year after 10 years as head of the organization.

In his first presidential address Mr. Gardiner declared that if the present economic system "has not reached its full maturity, the present depression will pass, but if it has, fundamental changes in the social system are impending." Social change he believed inevitable.

"I do not believe that the changes when they come, will inevitably be in the interests of the masses of mankind," he told the 500 delegates from the various parts of Alberta. "The elements which dominate the existing system will undoubtedly endeavor to guide the processes by which the succeeding system may be established. These elements are to be found outside our parliamentary institutions; for in the light of recent history it is becoming increasingly apparent that political governments occupy but a secondary place in the scheme of things."

The president declared that governments apparently chose "to abdicate before the threat of irresponsible elements rather than to rally the people behind them, as they might, by a bold effort to free industry from its trammels." He said the "real struggle" was carried on by "realists" who dealt "in hard facts—money, credit, the whole machinery of commerce and industry, and the manner of its control."

"Some of the most influential of these people are obsessed by the will to power, by the ambition to achieve complete control of the social system. If they do succeed in maintaining control of the processes in the not distant future the ushering in, in its most perfect form, of the servile state, the establishment, beneath it, may be, the guises of benevolence, of a tyranny such as the world has not yet known."

Mr. Gardiner, however, believed that "mass intelligence" was developed and organized in such a manner that it controlled and guided the processes of change. "The masses are definitely looking forward to an age of plenty, to an era in world history, brighter, perhaps, than any which the human mind has yet conceived."

He pleaded for intelligent understanding and organization which he declared necessary, "if we choose to take the path to a better social order." Development in the strength of the local, "the basis of our organization," was stressed by the president as essential to success of "a co-operative commonwealth."

Unemployment and the gold standard were referred to by the farm leader. He believed that if the inventive genius of the present generation was permitted full play it would result in a higher standard of living and provide the people with an abundance of leisure for self-development, but it was increasingly manifest that this could not occur under the present economic order. Depreciation of the Canadian dollar, he continued, made it doubtful whether a single commodity such as gold could be successfully used under all conditions as a basis for the issue of currency and credit.

In reference to reparations, the president pointed out the tendency to blame this result of the war for the breakdown, but he maintained that if this problem had been non-existent the defects in the present competitive economic system would sooner or later have produced a similar financial crisis which prevails at present. The chief threat to the peace of the world



"I have been engaged to him for two years. Isn't it time I married him?"

"I don't know. If you really love him, let him be happy as long as possible."—Hummel, Hamburg.

W. N. U. 1927

lies in intensified commercial competition between nations and only when it is recognized that underlying economic causes make war inevitable will peace appear.

For governments to balance budgets under prevailing conditions it was necessary to decrease expenditures or increase taxation. "To increase, however, the taxes of those whose income is below or only at present on a bare subsistence level would be to increase present hardship," he added. "If, however, increased taxation were confined to those who have the ability to pay, those whose incomes are more than necessary to meet reasonable requirements, no apparent harm would be done."

The president urged that there be no further alienation of the natural resources of Alberta to private interests, but that they be developed, under public ownership, for the benefit of the present and future generations. He referred to the serious situation of the transportation systems in the Dominion, but added that comment on this matter would be unwelcome until the report of the royal commission at present investigating the matter was made available.

The farmer's predicament was serious. Even where crops were excellent the return, barely covered the costs of production, leaving little or nothing to meet other liabilities. "The price of the goods, and services which the farmer must purchase have been only slightly reduced in comparison with the prices received by the farmer for the products of his labor," Mr. Gardiner declared. Rates on banks and mortgage loans and other farm indebtedness remain as high as formerly.

"Even if commodity prices other than farm products were reduced to a parity with the present prices of agricultural commodities, it would still be impossible for the farmers to meet in full liabilities contracted during a period of high prices," he concluded. "The soundness of the co-operative principle, however, was never more widely recognized than today." He urged the farmers to continue strengthening of the co-operative institutions.

## Apples and Oranges

Amusing Story Regarding Competition Between Fruit Growers

Competition between fruit growers of California and Oregon leads to curious attempts at all kinds of publicity. In their eagerness to mislead themselves and impressing their competitors, the orange-growers did not overlook the approach of "The Apple Cart" to the California theatres.

The director of the play received a call from a delegation of orange-growers who requested him to change the name to "The Orange Box" while it played in their State. He was first bewildered, then amused, and finally insisted that he could not change the name, and didn't see that it advertised the Oregon apple any-how.

The orange-growers refused to accept no for an answer. They found out the author's name and address and called him at some length their request. Not until they received Mr. Shaw's one-word cable—easily guessed—in reply did they give up their efforts.

## An Interesting Study

Thousands Of Bees Found To Be Working In Full Force Colony

One of the most interesting of the studies in apiculture carried out under the direction of C. B. Gooderham, Dominion Apiarist, relates to the number of "fielders" or bees in a colony in the field at work gathering honey and nectar during the period of a heavy flow. On the basis of 5,000 bees to a pound it has been determined by recording the weights of colonies resting on weighing trucks, that as many as twenty to twenty-five thousand bees from one colony are working in the field at the time. In one case the total hive force was computed at 55,000 bees with 20,625 in the field, leaving a hive force of 35,000. In another case where the total colony numbered 66,250 it was found that 27,187 were flying abroad with a reserve hive force of 20,063.

Gangrene from exposure to cold occurs more often in the temperate zone than in the Arctic regions.

A doctor says there are three ways of taking the early morning bath, hot, cold, and for granted.



By Annette



A NEW FRENCH BLOUSE TYPE THAT BUTTONS DOWN THE BACK

This little tuck-in model will add much interest to your wardrobe. It is exceedingly gay in Persian, green, woolen with matching green bone button trim.

Isn't the tab-trimmed neckline smart? A similar idea is repeated on the flared back cuffs.

It's just as snappy a blouse as you'd wish for and so inexpensive. Style No. 825 is designed in sizes 14, 16, 18, 20 years, 36 and 38 inches bust. Size 16 requires 1 1/2 yards 36-inch.

Crepe de chine is equally suited to this model. A vivid red, navy blue or Spanish blue shade is excellent choice with self-fabric ball shaped buttons. Then again, perhaps you prefer one of the soft crepe satins in eggshell, Lyonnaise-pink or French guinea shade.

Price of pattern 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

## How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. \_\_\_\_\_ Size \_\_\_\_\_

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Town \_\_\_\_\_

Plenty Of Samples

In a railway carriage were several travellers and a staid, pompous old gentleman. Various and unsuccessful efforts were made to draw him into conversation. At length one said, "Come, sir, I know you are one of us! Tell us what you are travelling in." "Young man," answered the pompous man, glancing at his interlocutor, "I am travelling in very objectionable and inquisitive company, and the carriage is full of samples!"

In a one-day street collection in Glasgow, Scotland, \$31,830 was raised for ex-soldiers.

## HER EXCELLENCY, THE COUNTESS OF BESSBOROUGH



Who accompanied the Governor-General of Canada at the Opening of the Second Session of Parliament on February 4th, and to the Drawing Room on the following day. This is a reproduction from one of Her Excellency's latest portraits.

## Opinion Of Average Citizen

Radio Advertising Is Most Objectionable Writes One Of Them

Radio, unlike any other invention, brings the voices of the world uninvited right into our fireside. I say uninvited because no one ever tuned in to an advertising talk—they tuned in on the music, which soon degenerated into a driving so-called advertising effusion.

I am Mr. Average Citizen, liking average things, speaking and promoting the King's English and struggling hard against the radio to raise my two children to be and do likewise. But whom does radio project uninvited into my fireside group and sit down at my dining room table? You know—impossible negroes, mis-pronouncing crossroad gossip, gross barbers for household equipment, moaning so-called tenors and silly salesfolk for shoes, etc., who talk feet, feet, as I try to eat. So much people as these ever darken my threshold in the flesh, yet radio, and in the name of advertising, if you please, enables them to crash in uninvited into my privacy, into my home—"my castle." Radio advertising is making us mad and telling us of the impolite gate-crashing products not to buy.

Give us national broadcasting free of advertising as the ideal, but if not, confine the advertising to the mention of the sponsor's name only, and that mention in the King's English.—Letter in Toronto Mail and Empire.

## Butterfat Record

Creameries In Alberta Show Increase For December

Creameries in Alberta received 840,945 pounds of butterfat in cream during the four weeks ending December 26, 1931, an increase of 106,033 pounds, or 14.4 per cent, over the receipts for December, 1930, according to an announcement from the Alberta Department of Agriculture.

Receipts of butterfat for the 52 weeks of 1931 amounted to 19,510,372 lbs., compared with 17,187,266 lbs. for the year 1930, an increase of 3,863,106 lbs., or 20.1 per cent. It is interesting to note that the increase for the year 1931 over 1930 in the northern section of the province was 29.9 per cent; in the central portion 33.2 per cent; and in the southern portion 12.0 per cent. The butterfat receipts for 1931 constitute a record for the province.

## Has Enjoyed Record Weather

Aklavik Had Second Highest Temperature Last Week In November

The residents of Aklavik on the Arctic Coast may well "pat themselves on the back" as for once in many a long year they had the distinction recently of recording the second highest or warmest temperature in the Dominion of Canada.

After having been known as Aklavik in the frozen Arctic wastes for so long, it was with small degree of pride that the inhabitants could point to a temperature of 42 degrees above zero the last week in November. Only one other point in Canada recorded a warmer temperature on that date, while from the Rockies to the Atlantic, freezing temperatures prevailed.

# Despite Mournful Predictions, Social Economist Says That England Still Leads The World

## Costly To Canadians

Many Short Paid Letters Mailed By U.S. Firms

Numerous complaints are heard from citizens who have to pay two cents or more "postage due" on the majority of the letters received by them from the United States, due to wholesale ignorance on the part of the people of the United States about postal rates to Canada. The postage to Canada on a letter mailed in the United States is three cents. This has been published repeatedly, yet the average American continues placing two-cent stamps on the letters he sends to Canada, with the result that the recipients have to pay two cents additional for each letter. This additional postage does not go to the Dominion postal department, but to the United States postoffice department. Each letter that is sent from the United States, carrying insufficient postage, is checked by the United States postal authorities and Canada has to compensate the United States in the amount of postage due.

The question has been raised as to why letters that carry the names and addresses of the senders are not returned for additional postage rather than being sent on to the persons to whom the letters are addressed. Many of the letters that are coming "postage due" are simply circular mail carrying advertising matter that has been unsolicited and is not desired by the persons to whom it is addressed, yet they must pay two cents for each letter delivered.

## Spends Millions On Fleet

Last Ten Years Shows Great Increase By United States

In 1913 the United States had a fleet of 983,000 tons. Great Britain a fleet of 2,222,000 tons. Today the United States has a fleet of 1,173,000 tons and spends \$382,000,000 a year on it, whereas Great Britain has a fleet of 1,378,000 tons, costing \$271,000,000 a year. In other words, the United States is spending 187 per cent more yearly on naval cost, nearly three times as much as she did in 1913, whereas Britain is spending but 10 per cent more.

Combining army and navy and air defence cost, the United States last year spent \$842,000,000, the British Empire but \$560,000,000. "While other nations have felt that they were forced to prepare for war," declared President Coolidge in a Memorial Day address, "we have always been preparing for peace."—Ottawa Journal.

## Encourage Native Industry

Nova Scotians Put On Provincial Campaign To Help Fishermen

Nova Scotians are going to eat more fish to aid one of their most important industries. And they are going to like it, because a campaign opened recently in the province will put before public hundreds of recipes for preparing the sea food in different and attractive forms.

Necessity for such a campaign is seen in the report of the eastern fisheries division for December, 1931, which shows that the total quantity of all fish landed in Nova Scotia was 8,124,900 pounds, compared with 12,161,000 pounds landed in the same period in 1930.

## Warns Against Biting Lips

Practice Often Starts Cancer Claims Minneapolis Doctor

Warning against biting the lips, which, especially in men, might cause cancer was given by Dr. Carl W. Waldron of Minneapolis in address to the Chicago Dental Society.

Five thousand deaths annually occurred in this country from cancer of the mouth, jaws and lips, he estimated, adding that a large number could be prevented by keeping the mouth healthy.

Cancer of the lip might occur in young persons, he said, and it was 19 times more common in the lower lip than the upper and in men 14 times more often than women.

## Dog Liked Old Home

Given to a trapper in Smooth Stone Lake area 100 miles north of Big River, last fall, Gerta, a police dog, disappeared a short time ago and turned up at the home for her former owners in a badly emaciated condition after having travelled 200 miles in biting cold weather.

There is nothing more desirable than a cook who can cook.

A world-wide economic conference within the next 12 months, at which representatives from all countries in the world would gather to thresh out the whole question of tariffs, was the prediction made by Dr. J. Wesley Bready, social economist and child welfare authority, of Toronto. Dr. Bready was addressing a joint luncheon meeting of the Rotary and Canadian clubs in Moose Jaw.

Referring to England's recent swing to high tariff after 85 years of free trade, Dr. Bready stated that Britain had reacted from her position as the outstanding exponent of free trade for "purposes of practical expediency." United States and France by their tariff stand had made trade with England almost impossible, and now England was "giving them a dose of their own medicine."

"International commerce can't be conducted on a one-way street" was his comment.

Dr. Bready believed a world economic conference such as he had in mind would mark the beginning of a swing to greater free trade among the nations and the tearing down of the super-exalted trade barriers. United States and France were now beginning to realize that nations, even as individuals, can not live unto themselves, he said.

"Where now stands England?" was the topic upon which Dr. Bready based his address, and during his remarks he told of personal observations made during his 10 years of social research work in England. Britain's day of glory was far from being past, he said, in spite of the mournful predictions which were being made for her from many sources.

England, following the war, was an exhausted nation, said the speaker, but in spite of her tremendous sacrifice of men and money she was still leading the way in the councils of the world. If England was so lacking in spirit and initiative, as it was claimed, "by her 'professional mourners,'" it was to be wondered at that at the present time she held all the world speed records on land, sea and air.

"And these records were all won in British machines conceived and made by British minds," he remarked.

England's ships were still carrying the largest imports and exports of any country in the world and in spite of the concentrated attacks from New York, she was still the center of finance. British trademarks still stood for honesty and integrity, and Britain's war today was "still as good as her bond," said the speaker vehemently.

Referring to criticisms leveled at Britain's monarchical system of government by leading economists of the United States, Dr. Bready pointed out that the States had derived the idea of their own constitution from the England they were criticizing. England might have a monarchical system of government, but she was a true republican in the sense that she gave equal opportunity to all to rise to the highest positions, and the greatest statesmen in her history had come from the humblest ranks.

The speaker was of the opinion that if one wished to criticize, it would appear that in the United States the great majority of those who rose to high political power had to have either a strong political pull or be millionaires first.

In closing, reference was made to the question of reparations, and it was pointed out that as far back as 1922 England had been prepared, for the world's good, to wipe the slate clean of all war debts. It was only now, however, that economists of the United States and France were beginning to wake up to the fact that post-war indebtedness had been the primary and devastating cause of the present economic chaos throughout the world.



"Have you slept well?"

"I don't sleep at all, doctor."

"But didn't you take the sleeping powder I gave you?"

"Yes, but when I thought that a little bit of powder could cost so much I couldn't sleep for thinking of it."—Faun, Vienna.

**ZIG-ZAG**  
CIGARETTE PAPERS  
LARGE DOUBLE BOOK  
120 LEAVES  
5¢  
WHEN YOU SEE BUY  
AVOID IMITATIONS

## WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Imports of rice into Japan this season may total 30,000,000 bushels. British Columbia fruit growers intend to make sure B.C. fruit claims be considered in the arrangement for British preference.

The Province of Ontario's \$5,000,000 issue of three-year bonds was oversubscribed on the initial day of offering.

Capt. J. P. Saul, who crossed the Atlantic with Kingsford-Smith in 1930, is planning a flight to New York and back next May.

The Prince of Wales announces the establishment of a scholarship for Argentine students at Oxford University.

H. G. Watkins, youthful leader of last year's Greenland expedition party, will head an Antarctic expedition in the fall.

James F. Manion, son of Hon. R. J. Manion, Minister of Railways and Canals, has been appointed assistant Canadian Trade Commissioner at Tokyo.

The London Sunday Express said negotiations would soon be concluded for the opening of direct telephone connection between Great Britain and Canada via London and Halifax.

Dr. Wellington Koo, former Chinese Foreign Minister, will be his country's representative on the Manchurian commission of the League of Nations Council.

D. C. Harvey, Nova Scotia architect, has uncovered a divorce dated May 15, 1750, between William Williams a British officer and his wife, and believes it to be the first on this continent.

The Port of Churchill will be open for commerce this summer, Hon. Dr. R. J. Manion, Minister of Railways and Canals, states. "We will be in a position to handle any commerce offered," the Minister added.

## Lower Construction Costs

Approximately Eleven Million Dollars Saved In Canada Last Year

Approximately \$11,000,000 was saved in Canada last year in the cost of construction of dwellings and other buildings, in 61 cities, by the reduced cost of materials, the department of trade and commerce reports in a statistical review. This amount represents roughly one-fifth of the reduction in the total value of building permits issued during the year as compared with 1930.

A report shows that the aggregate value of building permits in 61 cities last year was \$110,974,410, a reduction of \$55,000,000 from 1930. The index of prices of building materials dropped 20 per cent. during the year. Compared, however, with figures for 1920, the peak post-war inflation period, the cost of building materials has dropped by nearly 46 per cent. while the total value of permits issued was only down five per cent.

Detailed figures from 60 of the 61 cities show that permits were issued during the year for the construction of over 10,000 dwellings and 23,000 other buildings.

## Golden Wedding Anniversary

Prince of Wales Sends Congratulations To Aged Comedian

The Prince of Wales was among many hundreds who sent congratulations recently to the genial old time comedian Charles Coburn and his wife, who celebrated their golden wedding anniversary in London, England.

Coburn, now nearly 80 years of age, reached the pinnacle of musical fame with the song "The Man Who Broke the Bank at Monte Carlo" although his earlier "Two Lovely Black Eyes" was almost as great a classic of its kind.

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Had had dizzy spells

Affraid to leave home... feared awful dizziness would make her keel over. She needs Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in tablet form.

W. N. U. 1927

## Higher Taxation

Financial Institutions In Saskatchewan To Contribute Greater Share Of Revenue

Such Saskatchewan financial institutions as banks, trust, loan and mortgage companies, are going to contribute a greater share than they do now to the revenue of the province, it was officially learned.

From such sources, under the provisions of the Corporations Taxation Act, Saskatchewan now derives a revenue of slightly more than \$400,000, a large percentage coming from insurance companies.

In the effort to balance the budget by increasing revenues and reducing some forms of public services, the government proposes to make amendments to the Corporations Taxation Act with a view of bringing the revenue from that source to upwards of \$800,000, the banks to pay a fair share of the 100 per cent. increase.

## "Fool's Gold" Not Worthless

Pyrite Is Very Important Material For Commercial Use

Pyrite, which, owing to its yellow color, has so frequently been mistaken for gold as to earn the name of "fool's gold," actually is not the worthless material that the name implies, but has many important commercial uses. It is employed in the manufacture of sulphuric acid and sulphate wood pulp, and in smelters it is used as a fluxing agent to furnish iron for the slag. It also is used to some extent in radium and jewellery. The largest pyrite deposits are in Spain and Portugal.

## Winnipeg Newspaper Union



By Annette



845

## VARIETY IN JACKET-LIKE DRESSES IS UNENDING

Don't you love this model, so distinctly individual?

It has the wrapped bodice closure, so youthfully slimming. And a dress, that a little later, can be worn for evening smartly without a topcoat.

You can also make it as a complete dress. Its delightfully lovely in sapphire blue cantaloupe fabric.

Style No. 845 is designed for sizes 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30 and 32.

Wool jersey, velvet and many rayon novelties are also suitable.

Size 16 requires 2 1/2 yards 36-inch for blouse with 2 yards 36-inch for skirt.

Price of pattern 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

## How To Order Patterns

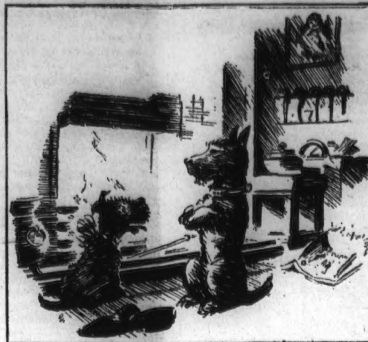
Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 115 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. 845

Name

Address

City



## IT'S AN OLD SCOTTISH CUSTOM

"Why do ye at up like that, father?"  
"Well, if yer lucky, ye get things given ta ye, and it also rests the feet!"—The Passing Show, London, England.

## Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

### ECONOMICAL CHICKEN SALAD

(Without Chicken)

- 2 cups cold roast pork, diced.
- 3/4 cups celery, finely cut.
- 1/2 cup pickle, chopped.
- 1/2 teaspoon salt.
- 1/2 teaspoon paprika.
- Mayonnaise.
- Lettuce.

Combine pork, celery and pickle. Add seasonings and sufficient mayonnaise to moisten. Serve on crisp lettuce. Garnish with additional mayonnaise.

### MINIKEN JELLY ROLLS

(4 eggs)

- 1/2 cup special cake flour, sifted.
- 1/2 teaspoon baking powder.
- 1/2 egg.
- 1/2 cup sifted sugar.
- 1 teaspoon vanilla.
- 1 cup red currant jelly.

Sift flour once and measure. Combine baking powder, salt and eggs in bowl. Place over smaller bowl of hot water and beat with rotary egg beater, adding sugar gradually until mixture becomes thick and light-colored. Remove bowl from over hot water. Fold in flour and vanilla. Pour into two pans, 15 x 10 inches, lined with greased paper, and bake in hot oven (400 degrees Fahrenheit) 10 minutes. Turn from pans at once onto cloth covered with confectioners' sugar. Remove paper. Quickly cut off crisp edges of cake, cut each cake into six pieces of equal size, spread with jelly, and roll. Wrap in cloth and cool on rack. Before serving, decorate rolls with rosettes and borders of sweetened whipped cream, forced through pastry tube. Makes 12 rolls.

## An Important Event

But First Railway Train To Cross Africa Did Not Thrill World

The first railway train to cross Africa from ocean to ocean sailed July 1, this year, on its journey from Lobito Bay, to Beira, a distance of 2,940 miles. The event was a vastly important one, and the engineering achievement was worthy of note, but it was calmly accepted by the world. Yet when David Livingstone, the first white man to cross Africa, made the journey in two years, there was hardly anyone throughout all the world who didn't thrill to his grand adventure, and hardly a home where it was not a topic of burning interest.

## Women Granted Homesteads

Alberta women are steadily taking advantage of the new provincial ruling that women may now file on homesteads. A report issued by the Lands Department recently showed that in October out of a total of 368 homesteads filed upon in Alberta, 174 applications for these free lands were made by women.



"What are you doing there?"

"The doctor recommended me sun baths, and so I have left the tub the sun all day and now I am having my bath."—Pages Gales, Yverdon.

## SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

FEBRUARY 7

### THE SLAVERY OF SIN

Golden Text: "Every one that committeth sin is the bond-servant of sin."—John 8:34.

Lesson: John 8:31-36.

Devotional Reading: Romans 8:1-10.

### Explanations and Comments

A Test Of Allegiance, verses 31, 32.

—Jesus has been speaking of Himself as the Light of the World and John records the fact that many then believed on Him. Next he tells that Jesus therefore spoke to "those Jews that had believed Him." "Believe on" implies surrender as well as intellectual assent. Having stated that some of the hearers "believed" on Jesus, John thinks himself in verse 31 that others had only "believed—not 'believed on.'" They had given a sort of assent, but had not really surrendered themselves. These men Jesus tested when He said to them: "If ye abide in My Word, if you surrender yourselves wholly to My guidance, and make my words the standard of your conduct, then ye are truly my disciples." It was not enough for them to believe that Jesus spoke the truth in claiming to be the Messiah; they must accept Him as their Messiah.

"And ye shall know the truth, and the truth shall make you free." Those who were intellectually and morally free, though in bondage to sin, were more truly free than those who were not politically enslaved but were the bond-servants of sin.

A Proof Of Slavery, verses 33-34.—"We are Abraham's seed," they answered, "and have never yet been in bondage to any man." The first words of the Decalogue are a reference to the bondage in Egypt. The descendants of Abraham had been successively under the domination of Egypt, Babylon, and Assyria, and were at this time in subjection to Rome. The Roman legions were quartered in their holy city. Their indignant words were an empty boast by which they sought to declare themselves superior to the Romans to whom they were subject politically.

Verily verily (a solemn way of emphasizing the thought that follows) every one that committeth sin is the bond-servant of sin. The freedom of which he has spoken was freedom from sin, and he who habitually sins is enslaved.

A Proof Of Freedom, verses 35, 36.—"The slave might be sold or expelled from the house at the will of his master, but the son is the heir, second only to the master of the house, where he continually abides." "If therefore the Son shall make you free, ye shall be free indeed."

## Manitoba's Grain Acreage

Estimate For This Year Shows Substantial Increase

With an increase of 1,018,550 acres compared to the previous year, the Manitoba acreage for grain in 1932 is estimated at 5,173,000 acres.

The increases are in summer fallow, 255,000 acres, and fall ploughing, 585,000, according to the provincial department of agriculture. According to the figures gathered, 62,000 acres were broken last year; there were 1,875,000 acres under summer fallow, and 3,236,000 acres of fall ploughing.

The man who said that prosperity was ahead is still quite right.

Birmingham, England, has 1,400 different industries.

Three million dog licenses are issued in Great Britain every year.

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## Lose Fat

—and Feel Better for It!

How would you like to lose 10 pounds of fat in a month and at the same time increase your energy and improve your health?

Get on the scales to-day and see how much you weigh—then get a bottle of Kruschen Salts (lasts 4 weeks). Take one half teaspoonful every morning in a glass of hot water—reduce the food supply—increase daily activities and when you have finished the first bottle weigh yourself again.

Now you can laugh at the people who spend money galore to lose a few pounds of fat—now you will know the pleasant way to lose unhealthily fat, and you'll also know that the 3 vialling salts of Kruschen (salts that your blood, nerves and glands must have to function properly)—have presented you with glorious health.

After that you'll want to walk around and say to your friends—"One 75c. bottle of Kruschen Salts is worth ten dollars of any fat person's money."

## Imports Of Butter Are Less

Marked Falling Off In Imports Is Shown By Bureau Of Statistics

Canada's imports of butter during the calendar year, 1931, were greatly reduced from the previous year, according to a report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. Last year imports of butter, valued at \$532,531, while for the year 1930, the imports were \$3,006,055 pounds, valued at \$12,368,662. For December the butter imports were almost negligible, amounting in value to only \$497, as against a value of \$20,781 for December, 1930. Of the former amount Australia exported to Canada only thirty dollars' worth. The total was divided mainly between the United States and the United Kingdom.

## A New Industry

Unemployed Men To Be Given Work In Manitoba Forests

Jackpine from Manitoba's forests is to be cut this winter for use as telephone and hydro poles and as square timber, thus giving the province a new industry and a number of unemployed men work. Announcement was made by Hon. W. R. Clubb, Minister of Public Works, that a contract for cutting jackpine in the Lac Du Bonnet district had been let.

Hitherto this wood had not been considered suitable for poles, but recent tests carried out at the suggestion of the Industrial Development Board of Manitoba are said to have proven its value.

## R.C. Coal Production

Coal production in British Columbia, for all of 1931 was 1,666,741 tons, a slight decrease from 1,687,130 tons mined in 1930, it was stated at the legislative buildings. December output was 171,811 tons, compared to 177,045 tons in December of the previous year. Total decrease from the previous year was 188,899 tons, shared evenly as between nearly all districts.

The ancestral line of the cabbage is traced back to the cliff cabbage of Europe and Asia.

The nitrate region of Chile contains enough mineral to last 240 years.

**So Many Home Uses!**

Keep foods fresh longer by covering them with Para-Sani.

Use Para-Sani to keep your lunch safely from.

Keep the freshness in sandwiches prepared for the picnic with a covering of Para-Sani.

**YOU'LL FIND A hundred vital, saving uses for Para-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper in your home.** Comes in handy, sanitary, knife-edged package. For less exacting uses: Centre 'Full' Waxed Tissue (flat sheets). At grocers, druggists, stationers.

**Appleford Paper Products**

HAMILTON ONTARIO

Western Representatives:  
**HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.**



## EDMONTON PLANS DEPORTATION OF RELIEF CHARGES

Edmonton, Alberta.—Wholesale deportation of all foreign immigrants who have become a charge on this city in less than five years' residence in Canada has been launched by the city relief department, Thomas Magee, superintendent, has stated.

It is estimated that nearly 50 per cent. of those now drawing relief from the city are fit subjects for deportation, and Mr. Magee declared that active steps were being taken to deport as many as possible.

Mr. Magee declared that his department had already made application for the deportation of between 300 and 400 relief charges, and this number was being increased daily.

Many British immigrants in addition to hundreds from central European countries, who have resided in Canada for less than five years, have become public charges and accordingly, under federal law, are liable for deportation.

Mr. Magee and his assistant, Frank Drayton, explained that deportation proceedings constituted a cumbersome process. All applications for deportation must be filed with the Federal Immigration Department in Edmonton, and are then forwarded to Ottawa. Fully three months are required to complete the deportation of any case.

Mr. Magee was unable to state the exact number that had actually been deported to date, but declared that deportation efforts of his department were meeting with great success.

"We are deporting indigent immigrants as fast as we can at the present time," and will pursue this policy vigorously," Mr. Drayton declared.

"The world is expecting much from Geneva," Mr. Henderson said, "and I am hopeful that these expectations will not be disappointed."

Headed by Sir George Perley, the Canadian delegation to the World Disarmament Conference at Geneva arrived at Cherbourg.

## France Wants Support From United States

Without Their Aid Reparations Problem Cannot Be Solved

Paris, France.—France is determined to pursue its negotiations with Great Britain on the reparations problem and is optimistically convinced some arrangement will be devised eventually.

France is desirous of treating the reparations problem in a conciliatory spirit, but with a full belief no real solution can be formulated unless the United States comes into the picture effectively and becomes an integral part of the reparations cycle.

## Makes New Swimming Record

Boy Swims Five and Half Miles in University Pool

Saskatoon, Sask.—Swimming 652 lengths of the University of Saskatchewan swimming pool, William Craven, Emmanuel College student, beat the Saskatchewan record for a fresh water swimming pool. The previous record, Joe Griffiths reports, was that of Leslie Skinner, of the College of Medicine, made in 1929. As the pool is 45 feet in length the distance would be over five and a half miles. Craven was in the water from 7:15 to 11:55.

## No Police Change in B.C.

Victoria, B.C.—The British Columbia Government has not been approached on the question of the taking over of provincial police services in Canada by the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, and such a move, insofar as this province is concerned, has never been entertained, it was stated here by Hon. R. H. Pooley, Attorney-General.

## France Is Militant

Paris, France.—The naval affairs committee of the Chamber of Deputies, by a vote of 16 to 2, went on record as favoring the immediate construction of a 26,000-ton battle cruiser as the French answer to Germany's "pocket battleships."

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## Plans Another Polar Trip

Sir Hubert Wilkins May Build Special Type Of Submarine For Purpose

Victoria, B.C.—In a new type of submarine, differing from any under sea boat yet designed, Sir Hubert Wilkins, Australian explorer, plans to make another expedition next year under North Pole ice.

"I may take a holiday over the Antarctic in the fall and am also considering another submarine expedition under North Pole ice the following summer," he said.

"For my next under-ice expedition," said Sir Hubert, "I have in mind the building of a special type of submarine which will be hydraulically propelled. In 1925, I discussed with Vickers engineers a type of submarine which would be suitable for exploration work under the Polar ice." He said he did not know where his new submarine would be built.

Compressed air, he said, would be used for the propulsion of the undersea boat, in place of batteries. It would not be designed for quick dives. The submarine would have plenty of power, but would be geared for slow speed, as speedy submarines are not necessary for exploration work.

"I propose to eliminate diving rudeness and possibly external propellers," he said.

Sir Hubert estimated the cost of the new vessel at anywhere from \$150,000 to \$200,000.

## Depression and Apathy

Prince Of Wales Fins Faith On The Younger Generation

London, England.—Depression and apathy are the devil's own, the Prince of Wales told 10,000 boys and girls in Albert Hall at a meeting arranged by the National Council for Social Service.

"They're not English," he cried, "away with them!" and the roof rang with cheers.

"Emerson said a good many years ago, that the Englishman is the one who finds himself in his shoes," said the Prince, "and I know this is true of the rising generation of today."

"So far as I am concerned, many paths in life are closed to me. Much that I would like to do I cannot, but I have tried to bring the people of the Empire closer together. I have had my failures, I know, but in these years, with few precedents to guide us, to have had no failure is to have attempted nothing."

"There is a danger that some people are getting too used to the present critical situation," he said.

"It's no use waiting for that doubtful thing of a good time coming. We must go on fighting, and here I pin my faith to the younger generation to keep England 'a bulwark for the cause of men,' to keep our great heritage in trust for those who come after."

## Fast Mail Planes Ordered

Britain Hopes To Double Speed Of Mail Delivery

London, England.—The air ministry has announced plans whereby it hopes to double the speed of air mail delivery on all Empire sky routes.

The ministry placed an order with Boulton and Paul Ltd., builders of the famous Royal Air Force high speed bombers, for a new type of all-metal plane capable of a cruising speed of 200 miles an hour and a service ceiling of 20,000 feet.

"This machine, it was said, would be the forerunner of a fleet of similar craft which would carry two pilots and 1,000 pounds of mail. Each machine would have a cruising radius of 1,000 miles with full load."

## Police Make Seizure

Montreal, Que.—More than 1,000,000 lottery tickets were seized here when provincial police descended upon a printing plant. No arrests were made but officers took printing plates to police headquarters pending further investigation. About 20 men were busy running the presses when authorities entered the plant.

## Favors Government Union

Ottawa, Ont.—Commenting on his proposed plans for unification of governments in the three prairie provinces, Premier Bracken, here in official business, said his idea has met with a certain amount of success and that Premiers Anderson and Brownlee have expressed willingness to consider the matter.

## Old 'Mountie' Officer Dead

Atlanta, Ga.—Colonel Joseph V. Beggs, retired officer of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, and war-time commander of a Canadian artillery regiment, died here January 26. Colonel Beggs had lived here for the past three years he was 76 years old and had been in failing health for some time.

## Receive Life Sentences

Two Bengal School Girls To Be Transported Following Conviction On Murder Charge

Calcutta, India.—Wearing red saris and with their hair adorned with lotus flowers, Miss Santi Ghosh and Miss Sushy Chowdhury, Bengal school girls, were sentenced to "transportation for life" for the murder of Magistrate C. G. B. Stevens.

As it no longer is the policy of the government to send prisoners outside of India, it was believed the two girls would be exiled to some province out of Bengal where they would be held in restraint.

When the terms of their sentence were translated to them they seemed indifferent.

Life sentences carry remission amounting to two months yearly for good conduct, so the girls may be expected to be imprisoned for about 18 years. They probably will be nurses or clerical assistants, although their sentence theoretically calls for hard labour.

## SAYS JAPANESE AIM DOMINATION OF THE PACIFIC

Shanghai, China.—The Chinese authorities of Shanghai prepared the way for capitulation to the Japanese ultimatum that they suppress anti-Japanese agitators and boycotters. Japan now has 24 ships of war in the Whangpo River off the city.

Chinese forces said the municipal government had ordered the Bureau of Public Safety to close the local branch of the National Salvation Society, one of the leaders in the boycott movement.

This decision was reached after new formal demands were made by Japan.

While the negotiations were going on 2,400 British and United States marines prepared to take over the defence of the international settlement, and about 10,000 Chinese troops took up stations.

Eugene Chen, who recently resigned as China's Foreign Minister, declared the Japanese policy toward China eventually would mean war between Japan and the United States. Tokyo, he said, was determined to master the Pacific, and to achieve that aim conflict with the United States was inevitable.

First, he asserted, Japan looks to unconditional annexation of Manchuria, from which she can dominate the entire Asiatic mainland, and then to the conquest of Australia.

These steps, he said, are "being carried out by the mediaeval-minded military shogunate in the form of a general staff which is the real government of Japan."

"Men of this type planned the Sino-Japanese and Russo-Japanese wars," said Dr. Chen, "now they see Japan dominating all Asia, including Australia."

"Between her and this goal stands the United States. Therefore, she plans for war. While other nations disarm, she arms. Manchuria is but a preparatory step for her greatest conflict in which she hopes to banish forever the influence of western nations in the Pacific Ocean."

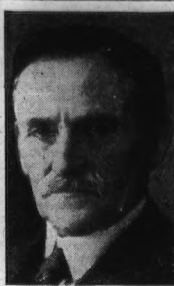
The Chinese made extensive preparations to repel a possible invasion. Military patrols were established outside the city so that both the foreign settlement and the Chinese sections were completely surrounded.

## TAKE OVER CANADIAN PREVENTIVE SERVICE



Commander Hesse (left), head of the Naval Branch of the Department of National Defence, and Major-General James H. MacBrien (right), Chief Commissioner of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, who will direct Canadian preventive work both on sea and land, according to reports from Government officials. Previously the highly responsible work of preventing frauds against the revenue on the high seas and in remote parts of the Dominion was carried on by the Department of National Revenue, and the change has been made in order to make the preventive work more effective and more economical.

## LEADER RESIGNS



Hon. W. B. Willoughby, Government Leader of the Upper Chamber at Ottawa, who has been forced to resign because of ill health.

## Trouble In India

Lord Irwin Says Responsibility Lies With Nationalist Congress Party

Leeds, England.—Lord Irwin, former viceroy of India, said in a speech here that responsibility for the present trouble in India lies with the Nationalist Congress Party.

"I think there is little doubt that Mr. Gandhi did not want this condition to arise," he said, "but I believe that while he was in the country for the Round Table Conference some of his lieutenants in India created a situation which he could not control when he got home."

"If I had been in India as viceroy I don't think I should have acted any differently than Lord Willingdon has done."

## World's Champion Hen Dead

Lady Victoria Became Famous Through Record Egg Production

Saskatoon, Sask.—Her record of production standing at 694 eggs laid in her brief existence of four years—Lady Victoria, world's champion hen, died in one of the poultry houses at the University of Saskatchewan.

During her pullet year Lady Victoria eclipsed all previous records by laying 358 eggs in 385 days. In her second year she laid 210 eggs; in the third 111, and this year she managed to have 15 in the trap nest.

## Free To Make Agreements

British Government Entering Imperial Conference Entirely Unfettered

London, England.—The British Government will enter the Imperial Economic Conference at Ottawa, free and unfettered; no prior commitments will be made with foreign countries which might prejudice free discussions and possible trade agreements at Ottawa.

July 21 and 23 are two of the dates which are being rumored for the opening of the Imperial Economic Conference.

## King Of Timber Wolves Captured

Sudbury, Ont.—The king of all timber wolves near Neveline is no more. Orland Sequin, a farmer there, now has his pet, more than seven feet in length. Sequin snared the animal, but he was lucky, for around the wolf's neck were two old snares he had previously broken in defiance of all the wolf-hunting equipment that the Ontario Government has been able to procure.

## Appointment Of New Minister Of Finance

Rumors States Hon. Edgar Rhodes Will Take Office

Ottawa, Ont.—Hon. Edgar N. Rhodes will be Minister of Finance when parliament opens. Prime Minister R. B. Bennett intends to relinquish the duties of that department shortly and Mr. Rhodes will then be sworn in. Intimation to this effect is made in highest circles. For the early part, if not the whole of the session, Mr. Rhodes will retain also the administration of the Department of Fisheries.

Hon. W. A. Gordon, Minister of Immigration and Mines, will very probably take over the portfolio of Minister of Labor. This is dependent on the condition of health of Hon. Gideon Robertson, now in the West Indies, recuperating from his recent illness.

While there is vague rumor of one possible other change, there is no indication of anything definite. If this further change takes place, and it does not seem very likely at the moment, the portfolio of Ministry of Fisheries would be available for the shuffle.

## To Overcome Drouth

Need For Outlay Of \$300,000,000 To Grow Trees On Prairies

Montreal, Que.—There is an urgent need for an outlay of \$300,000,000 to grow trees on the prairie provinces within the next few years in order to save them from further drought loss. R. O. Sweeney, retiring president of the Canadian Forestry Association, told the convention of that body here.

Agriculture is dependent upon the forests, Mr. Sweeney said, and the great drought in southern Saskatchewan would not have occurred if there were ample forest cover over the agricultural area of the west.

Mixed farming on the prairies is hopeless without trees, he said, and artificial means ought to be employed at once to grow trees. After sufficient trees have been grown by aid of irrigation, the natural moisture will be maintained with artificial means.

The cost of irrigating the dry belts of the west, planting trees, developing power and pumping water would not exceed the losses of two such dry years as the year 1931, Mr. Sweeney declared.

## NATIONAL POLICY FOR RETAINING BEST BRAINS HERE

Vancouver, B.C.—An appeal to industry to encourage the use of Canadian materials and to stop the flow of the best brains among the youth of Canada to foreign countries was made by Dr. H. M. Tory, president of the National Research Council of Canada, addressing the Canadian Construction Association Annual Convention here.

More than 70 delegates from points as far east as St. John, N.B., and about 200 delegates from British Columbia attended the convention.

"A national policy is needed to keep the young men of Canada at home," he said. "The time will come when it will be only necessary to tell the governments of the provinces that we have a young man that should be encouraged to stay at home, and it will no longer be a question of cost. We have got to learn the value of good men. We must use the first class brains of the nation, for a nation that uses only the third and fourth class can't expect to be anything more than a third or fourth class nation."

No nation is doing more today to encourage scientific investigation in co-operation with industry than Great Britain, Dr. Tory said. "And we will find that when this depression is over that Great Britain will come out on top. I only hope that we can keep pace with her," he said.

Foundation of national research councils throughout the British Empire, he said, was the outcome of Britain's efforts to restore the fundamentals of industry. Before the councils were formed, Dr. Tory said no nation in the world did less to encourage scientific research in its relationship to industry than Great Britain.

He cited instances to show that most of the scientific institutions in the United States today were guided by Canadians, who had emigrated to that country to complete their education.

## U. S. CONSIDERS BOYCOTT ON JAPANESE GOODS

Washington.—Joint economic pressure on Japan to halt its invasion of China is being considered by the United States and Great Britain, it was learned here.

The possibility of imposing a boycott upon Japan has been discussed informally with Great Britain whose attitude has not been made known. The efficacy of such a boycott would depend largely upon her co-operation.

Another alternative would be an embargo prohibiting importation of Japanese goods. This move, however, would require an act of congress whereas a boycott could be accomplished without congressional sanction.

No provisions for such economic pressure are contained in any treaties to which the United States is a signatory power, but there is nothing in international law to prohibit such a move.

A boycott might take the form of restriction of passports to Japan and the co-operation of banking and business interests in restricting credits to and imports from that country. Some letters have been received at the state department suggesting an embargo on Japanese silk.

Chairman William E. Borah of the senate foreign relations committee refused to comment on the proposed boycott, asserting he would withhold comment until such action was called to the attention of the senate. Several months ago, however, when the League of Nations was discussing the possibility of joint economic action against the Manchurian situation Borah said publicly:

"A boycott would lead to war."

## Asks For Explanation

United States Wants To Know What Japan Purposes To Do At Shanghai

Tokyo, Japan.—The United States Government asked for an explanation of just what Japan purposes to do in dealing with the controversy with the Chinese at Shanghai.

The inquiry, contained in a note from United States Secretary of State Henry L. Stimson, was answered with the assertion that Japan had no intention of aggravating the situation. A foreign office spokesman, commenting on press dispatches rather than on the Stimson note itself, said the United States "seems unduly alarmed."

It was authoritatively said the Stimson note could not be considered as a protest. The communication pointed out that the United States has large commercial interests in Shanghai.

## Policy Of Economy

Hon. E. N. Rhodes Says Thrift Needed In Administration Of Public Affairs

Ottawa, Ont.—The way to prosperity can not be accomplished by spending or borrowing. Hon. E. N. Rhodes, Minister of Fisheries, declared in an address of welcome to the educational congress of the Ottawa branch of the League of Underwriters' Association of Canada.

Mr. Rhodes said a strict policy of economy must apply to the federal, provincial and municipal governments. "We can't lift ourselves by our financial bootstraps. We must soon revert to the good old doctrine of thrift."

## Fought For Twenty Years

Two North African Provinces Finally Conquered By Italy

Tripoli, Libya, Africa.—Over the dead forms of 2,000 rebel tribesmen and after 20 years of incessant warfare, Italy's banners took across the "spade of sand" in North Africa known as the colonies of Tripoli and Canea. Marshal Badoglio, military governor of Libya, formally reported to the government of the King that the provinces had been thoroughly pacified and occupied for the first time since Italian troops landed in 1912, when Turkey renounced her rights.

## Ex-Kaiser Seventy-Three

Berlin, Germany.—Former Kaiser Wilhelm II., now an exile at Doorn, Holland, was 73 years old January 27. The chief notice taken here of what was once Germany's grandest holiday was in the National press, which devoted more space than usual to felicitating "His Majesty," referring to the need for a "firm hand" in Germany at the present moment and recalling the days of the empire.

## New Way To Raise Grain

Wheat Cresses Produced Two Years Quicker By Electric Light

Successful experiments in the use of electric light in speeding up the growth of wheat plants are being continued at the Victorian state research farm at Werribee, near Melbourne. The results are proving of practical value in wheat raising and in the introduction of varieties from other countries.

Ordinarily 10 years are required to produce new cross-bred wheats, from the time of cross fertilization until distribution to the farmer. By enclosing the plants in a cage suitably illuminated with electric light it is possible to grow the first three generations of plants in one year, and thus reduce the total time by two years.

Sometimes late varieties possess qualities, such as size of head or grain, which it is desirable to introduce into early varieties. As these two types will not flower at the same time, it is not often possible, without artificial aid, to cross them. The use of electric light at a suitable time makes it possible to hasten the development of the late types sufficiently to allow the cross to be made.

The Australian experiments were begun by Professor Wadham in 1929 as a result of observations on the growth of Australian varieties of wheat in England, and of English varieties introduced to Australia. The Australian varieties in England, Professor Wadham noticed, produced very short, pale shoots, with early heads. On the other hand, English varieties in Australia remained immature and green until late in the season, and were thus adversely affected by the hot winds in November and December.

Experiments showed that the period of light which the plant received daily had an important effect on its development. By increasing the daily "daylight" period with weak electric light, it was found, the maturity could be hastened. Similarly, by inclosure of the plants in a specially constructed box, limiting the period of daylight, the growth could be retarded.

### In Aid Of The Blind

Conference May Be Held In Ottawa In June

An inter-provincial conference, in the interests of Canada's 8,000 sightless citizens, will probably be held at Ottawa during June, according to John A. Conley, chairman of a newly named Saskatchewan advisory committee of the Canadian Federation of the Blind. The conference will seek federal government action on a move for pensions.

"We are trying to get each provincial government to memorialize Ottawa in favor of pensions for the blind," Mr. Conley said.

"Provincial governments could take such action at sessions in February and March and there would then be time to appeal to the federal government before the session at Ottawa closes. If we met at Ottawa in June we could go to the government then."

"Our convention in Regina has helped our organization a great deal. We hope to make much progress as a result of such meetings as these."

### Couldn't Fool Him

"Good morning, Mr. Hardy," said the vicar. "I haven't seen you at church lately. How is that?"

"I don't come to church to be insulted."

"Whatever do you mean?"

"Last time I came to church I was a bit late, and while I was waiting in the porch I heard you call me a fool."

"I am certain you did not."

"Yes, you did! I distinctly heard you say, 'There is no fool like the foolhardy.'"

So far as the New Year's honors are concerned, Canada is without a peer.

Potatoes are an abundant source of the important Vitamin "C," which prevents scurvy.



Prison Governor: "Any complaints?"

Convict: "No, but I would like a curtain for that little window in my door."—Dorfbarrber, Berlin.

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## Many Kinds Of Honey

Buying the Best Is Not As Simple As It Sounds

"Honey," the housekeeper says to her grocer, "honey, in a pint pot." Then she crosses it off her shopping list with a cool satisfaction, a feeling of duty done.

But honey is not so simple as all that. For instance, English honey, gathered by industrious bees from the roses and honeysuckle and larkspur and Canterbury bells of 100 trim English gardens, must always be more delicate yet less full in flavor or than a Jamaica honey, gathered from who knows what riot of scarlet and purple and white-tropic blossoms.

And that is only the beginning of the diversity of honeys one may eat.

If the "honey" column of a high-class grocer's list is examined, one will find that it is not a list at all, but a poem, a song murmured to a tune as sweet as honeydew.

There is first and foremost orange-blossom honey from Syria—surely that should figure at a bridal breakfast. Then, clover honey and lavender honey—what a cool, Old World sweetness must be theirs. Wild acacia honey and wild thyme honey—were these the "honey wild and manna dew," with which La Belle Dame allured her knight-at-arms? Saffron honey from France and sage honey from California—those should have the favor of herbs about them.

Scotch heather honey—one can smell the moors as one reads the name, and feel the tang of northern air on one's cheek. Australian wattle honey—how many of the fluffy golden spikes must the bees have robbed to make a jar of this? Honey of Greece from fragrant Hyettus, honey from the Isle of Hydra, in the blue waters of the Aegean.

The honeys stand demurely on the shelf in small china jars, whose blue and orange, yellow and green and cyclamen are not brighter than the flowers from which the honey came. Each gay jar holds fragrance—and a dream.

Now, will the reader wistfully and knowingly pass them by, still saying, "Honey, please, in a pint jar?" Will she be content to let the adventure of tasting each subtly differing sweetness? Will she be content to walk out of the shop with just an ordinary jar of honey, leaving a dream behind on the shelf?

## The Age We Live In

Utter To Attempt To Turn The Wheel Of Time Backwards

Mr. J. Moore's definition of "depression"—"A period during which people do not want the things their parents never had"—is cool, but the implied reproach is hardly fair. The trouble is that you cannot turn the wheel of Time backwards. An individual, for example, may sell his motor, may give up his telephone, or refuse to go to the cinema, but you cannot deprive the age of the motor-car and the telephone and the cinema. Somehow these things are forced upon us by the movement of events; they are part of an inevitable growth, and to check them would be like stopping a river in its course either futile or disastrous. After all, it would not really help matters to go back to the conditions of 1880 with the population of 1931.—"Observer" in London Observer.

## New Automaton

Photo-Electric Penman Writes With a Pen On Paper

Another robot, this time the photo-electric "penman," was described to the annual meeting of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers in New York.

This new automaton is a brother of the now well-established "electric eye." It was devised to keep pace with the almost lightning fast speed of the "eye," which hitherto has been able to "see" things faster than engineering devices could record them all. The "penman" is a combination of photo-electric cells, galvanometers, hooked up with balanced beams of light.

It writes with a pen on paper all the things "seen" by the photo electric eyes.

## Much More Than Toy

The sum of \$15,500,000 is the proposed capital outlay of the Bell Telephone Company in Canada during 1932. Yet the great investor could not prevail upon a single citizen in Brantford, Ontario, to risk a solitary cent in what was locally regarded as an interesting toy.

If we can't say anything else of good about 1931 let's at least give it credit for its weather.

Talking about life is dumb things, most of us have seen a watch spring.

## Only a Superstition

Pigs Not Naturally Dirty Says Agricultural College Manager

It is a current superstition that the pig is naturally a filthy creature, but it is only a superstition. The experimental farm which is run by the West of Scotland Agricultural College at Auchincruive in Ayrshire is demonstration that the poor porker has been maligned in this regard. On a recent visit of a party of students they were put wise on the point by the spectacle of the piggery and by the accounts of the experience of those who are in charge of the department. The cleanliness of the premises and of the animals in it astonished the visitors and their surprise was so obvious that the manager, James Cochran, took note of it. Yes, he said, there has always been a common notion that the pig is the animal least concerned about its surroundings, but this piggery demonstrates that the reverse is the case.

Mr. Cochran added that the pig so far from being dirty, is the only domestic animal possessing naturally clean instincts. You have to train even a cat or a dog, he said and you cannot train either cattle or horses. There have been few attempts to give the pig the opportunity to live as cleanly as its nature would select, although there are a few examples on the Continent, notably in Sweden. Here, he concluded we are providing the conditions that reveal the pig in its true inclinations, which are worthy of emulation in perhaps higher scales of animal life. The piggery at Auchincruive is such a model of its kind that its plans are being copied by many other experimental farms.

## Everyone Should Use Milk

High In Calcium It Is Necessary For Good Teeth

That good teeth have a direct relation to good health and that defective teeth may lead to serious illness, are two well-established facts. Medical authorities are stressing today more than ever before, the importance of building strong teeth and of maintaining them in good condition by eating the proper foods, by keeping them thoroughly cleaned, and by having them examined periodically by the dentist.

The minerals necessary for good teeth are, fortunately, supplied in our most common and abundant foods. Milk, high in calcium, stands first as the chief tooth builder, and it is of vital importance that the diet of both children and adults should include a sufficient amount of food to supply the calcium required, says a circular from the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa. There will be no danger of a deficiency if milk is served as a beverage, particularly for children, and generously used in the making of cream soups, creamed meats and vegetable dishes, and milk desserts.

## Good For the Money

Father criticized the sermon, mother disliked the blunders of the organist, and the eldest daughter thought the choir's singing atrocious.

The subject had to be dropped when the small boy of the family, with the schoolboy's love of fair play, chipped in with the remark:

"Dad, I think it was a jolly good show for a penny."

It's "the old boat" to dad and "the bus" to the children, but it's always "the car" to mother.

## Final Crop Estimate

Wheat Crop Of Canada For 1931 Now Placed At \$64,144,000 Bushels

Aggregate value of all field crops in Canada in 1931 is estimated at \$425,065,100 as compared with \$662,040,000 in 1930, the Dominion Bureau of Statistics reported recently. The report is the final estimate of the area, yield and value of all crops in the Dominion for the past crop season.

The wheat crop of Canada in 1931 is now estimated at 304,144,000 bushels compared with a revised figure of 430,672,000 bushels for the crop of the previous year. The new estimate for 1931 represents a slight increase of about six million bushels over the provisional estimate of November 12, compared with 1930, the decrease being equally divided among Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba and Saskatchewan.

Total area under field crops in 1931 is estimated at 37,064,056 acres as compared with 34,214,670 acres the previous year with an aggregate value of \$662,040,000. There was a decline of 4,250,000 acres in the area devoted to field crops in 1931 as compared with 1930, the decrease being equally divided among Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba and Saskatchewan.

## Order Has Increased

French People Are Developing Taste For Canadian Apples

We are delighted to know that our friends in France are developing a taste for Canadian apples. Ottawa announces that automatic "coin-in-the-slot" machines will be used in Paris for vending this appetizing fruit.

One of the largest fruit-importing houses in the Republic has placed an initial order for 10 cars, loads of apples, valued at \$18,000, and comprehensively handling Canadian apples exclusively in the future. Public auctions will be held in addition to the installation of two thousand of the vending machines already mentioned. It is good to know that Canada is finding new trade opportunities abroad. Of the crop of 1929, we learn, only 2,415 barrels were sent to France, while last year this figure climbed to 28,281.

## Does Not Deserve Sympathy

Public Opinion Becoming Severe Against Drunken Drivers

Liquor is nowhere so much out of place as in the persons of men and women in charge of a motor car. Public opinion in this country is becoming more severe against the individual who endangers the lives of others by taking the wheel of a car while under the influence of liquor. And rightly so. The driver who injures or takes the life of another person as a result of an accident for which intoxication was responsible is entitled to no sympathy and no leniency.

## Honor For British Explorer

The Culture geographical medal, one of the highest honors conferred in the United States in recognition of outstanding geographical discoveries, was awarded to Bertrand Thomas, British explorer, who last winter made the first recorded crossing of the great southern desert of Arabia.

"Henry, do you love me still?" "Yes—better than any other way."

## Noxious Weed Problem

Southeastern Manitoba Reported To Be Most Heavily Infested

Southeastern Manitoba is most heavily infested with noxious weeds of the Canadian prairies while the Peace River district suffers by far the lightest infestation, according to a report presented at the annual conference at Edmonton, of the Associate Weed Committee of the National Research Council, by J. M. Manson, special investigator for the council.

Mr. Manson recently completed an exhaustive weed survey for the research council. This report showed that weed infestation was governed to a large extent by the moisture and type of soil. Irrigation districts and areas around lakes suffered severely. Last year southern Saskatchewan was found almost too dry for even weeds, but, relatively speaking, infestation was worse because practically nothing but weeds grew there this year.

An interesting experiment proving the value of better farming methods was reported by Dr. L. E. Kirk, formerly of the University of Saskatchewan, now agrologist for the Federal Department of Agriculture.

The Federal Department acquired a section and a half farm over-run with weeds in the dry district of Saskatchewan, near Lakeview, two years ago. Better farming methods were applied, with the result that last year, while most of the neighboring farmers were being fed on relief, this farm, now rid of three-quarters of its weeds, produced several thousand bushels of good grain, sweet clover and seed potatoes.

## Taking Place Of Horse

Trucks and Tractors Making Animals Of Little Use

The rapid progress of the truck and tractor in taking the place of the horse is shown in the number of horses in the last decade. Ten years ago there were 3,610,494 horses in Canada, while at the end of that period there were 3,285,000, showing a decrease of 315,494, or more than 30,000 per year. At the beginning of the decade there were about 55,300 trucks in Canada, as compared with a total of 165,484 at the end of that time. At the beginning of the decade there were 460,578 cars, or one for every 19 persons in the Dominion, while the latest figures available give a total of 1,239,880, or seven persons to each car.

## This Speedy Age

Airplanes Can Travel Over 24,733 Feet Per Minute

Airplanes can travel at speeds of over 300 miles an hour, automobiles at over 200 miles an hour, speed boats at better than 100 miles an hour, human beings, horses and dogs at lesser speeds. Translated into feet per minute, airplanes can travel more than 24,733 feet per minute, automobiles better than 17,600, and speed boats better than 8,800 feet per minute. Odd then that one hears operators in elevators of new buildings tell that the elevator covers more than 3,000 feet a minute, which when translated into miles per hour is somewhat less than 12.

In the average London residence one ton of water is being used every day.

The only difference between repaite and impudence is the size of the man who says it.

## First Rule Of The Road

Be Absolutely Sure Your Brakes Are In Working Order

A giant locomotive moved majestically out of the railway round-house the other morning preparatory to being coupled to a long train for a fast journey across several states. In the cab sat a veteran engineer watching carefully the performances of his son, a young man just beginning his service as a master of the speeding wheels and rods. Suddenly the grisled engineer reared out his hand as the engine gathered speed and applied the mechanical power controlling the brakes. The locomotive instantly slackened its speed. The son looked quizzically at his father, failing to understand the reason for his action.

"Before you start out on a run be absolutely sure your brakes are in good working order," admonished the veteran engineer with a smile. That's one of the first rules of the road—it is sure to prevent any going wrong in time of emergency.

A similar standard of practice could be applied with profit to another form of transportation, the automobile. How many pilots of cars know for a certainty when they set out across streets thickly strewn with traffic whether their brakes will stop the wheels in a swift second if the foot is applied—whether they are complete masters of the mechanisms they guide down the highway. Statistics recently gathered indicate that one of the chief causes for automobile smash-ups is defective brakes.

One way to cut down the hazards of motor travel is for every driver occasionally to test the gripping power of his brakes, perhaps each time he leaves the garage. And, of course the motorist who always knows his brakes are "not taking hold" as they should be, voluntarily rule himself out of the road until they are fixed.—Christian Science Monitor.

## The Port Of Moonstone

Flourishing Port On James Bay Was Formerly Moose Harbor

Page a new name on the map of Ontario—"Moonstone." It is on a quiet bay. Only a few years ago it could be reached by dog team. Formerly, when it became anything of a place at all, it was known as Moose Harbor. Eleven years ago a party of American lumbermen came down there, and such was the state of civilization that eleven days elapsed ere news of their safety reached the outer world by means of Indian runners.

If those men landed there today they could step into a Pullman car of the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway and eighteen hours later find themselves back in New York. The new port will add to the growing prosperity of this district and railway. Moonstone will be a grain and ore port. There is an immense area of unexplored territory in the neighborhood, known to contain hematite deposits. A little to the south is a lignite field whose preliminary drilling has revealed the presence of 300,000 tons of soft coal. A huge metallurgical industry is in prospect up there.

The James Bay area, not long ago considered a wild and uninhabitable place, may soon become one of the most prosperous shipping and industrial parts of Canada.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

## Diamond Mines In Canada

Locked in the wilderness of Canada's far north is "an inestimable rich source of diamonds," according to Dr. Sidney H. Ball, of New York, gem specialist and consulting mining engineer. Addressing the Royal Canadian Institute at Toronto, Dr. Ball asserted the Dominion might hold a potential diamond mine to rank amongst the foremost of the world.

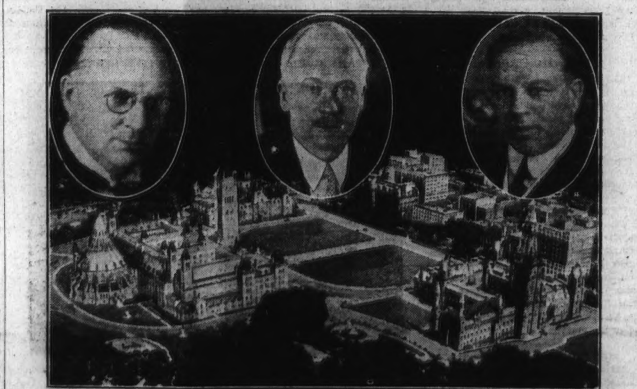
Some 80 species of coffee plant exist, but only a few are commercially grown.

A vain woman and a drunkard are never satisfied with a moderate use of the glass.



"Do you think your family will accept of a yoke husband, you know?" "Don't worry—they are used to my strange habits."—Esquella, Barcelona.

## PARLIAMENT WILL BE THE CENTRE OF INTEREST FOR NEXT FEW MONTHS



Parliament Hill, Ottawa, will be a busy spot for the next few months following the opening of the Second Session of Parliament by His Excellency the Earl of Beasborough on February 4th. This was the first time that the present Governor-General performed the ceremonies in connection with the opening of the Canadian Parliament. Above is a unique aerial view of Parliament Hill, Ottawa, showing the Parliament Buildings and East and West blocks. Inset, left to right, are the Right Honourable R. B. Bennett, Prime Minister; His Excellency the Governor-General; and Right Honourable W. L. Mackenzie King, Leader of His Majesty's Loyal Opposition in the House of Commons.





## EARLY DAYS —OF— CROSSFIELD

By P. L. McANALLY

In April 1904, J. H. Oneil, sr. and family arrived at Crossfield from London, Ont. Jas. Jr. had been in Alberta for sometime previous. Mr. Oneil, Sr. returned to Ontario sometime later, and shipped several car loads of young cattle to Crossfield. There being plenty of range in those days.

Mr. O'Neil having some children of school age he saw to it, that there was a school built a few months after his arrival.

Geo. Becker had the contract for building the Oneil school.

In 1901, the late Mrs. Harrington built the house now owned by Amery & Sons, one mile west of Crossfield. Mrs. Harrington's idea was to keep a "stopping house" as it was situated less than half a mile off the Edmonton trail. People traveling by team and wagon going north or south were obliged to use this trail, for there was no other between Edmonton and Calgary.

The Edmonton trail passed near where Geo. Murdoch's house stands, and some places it was worn fully five feet deep.

The late Mr. Chisholm built what some of the younger generation call the "tower house" in 1904.

This house is about four miles north-west of Crossfield, and now I believe occupied by Mr. Cameron.

The late Mr. Chisholm presented Crossfield S. D. with their first flag. The only condition being that the School District erect a suitable flag pole. The writer got busy and procured and erected the present pole. No pay for work around the school in those days.

### Church of the Ascension (ANGELICAN) February 7th. 11.00 a.m. Holy Communion. 7.30 p.m. Evensong.

February 10th. — Ash Wednesday  
10.30 a.m. Holy Communion  
4.30 p.m. Confirmation Class.

### Ladies' Aid Notes

The United Church Ladies Aid held their monthly meeting at the home of Mrs. R. T. Amery on Wednesday afternoon. Mrs. H. Young sang a solo which was greatly appreciated by those present.

The sum of \$38.00 was realized by the ladies of the Aid who served refreshments at the rink during the bonspiel.

Mrs. W. McKory is giving a birthday tea at her home on the 17th of February, to which everybody is invited.

The Aid wish to thank all those who in any way helped to make the sale at the curling rink a success.

WANTED—School pony, must be gentle. Apply to  
A. G. HARNACK

## CURLING

Ed. Meyers, president of the Crossfield Curling Club, is working on a plan to get Carstairs, Didsbury and Crossfield to go in together and hold one big bonspiel a year. The advantages of Mr. Meyers' scheme are many, for instance, each Club would put up an equal share of the prize money, which would effect a considerable saving, and make it possible to offer prizes that are worth while.

Then there would be a considerable saving in time, as some curlers take six to eight days to play in the three "spels". It would be necessary to use outside ice for some of the games, but unless the weather is extremely cold this would not be a handicap, as in many towns open air skating rinks are used at bonspiel time.

If Mr. Meyers' plan is adopted it would simply mean that each town would have at least one real bonspiel every three years.

The lady curlers recently organized and have played several games although the extreme cold weather has interfered somewhat with the regular draws. There is some talk of holding a mixed "spiel" which would help the ladies, get onto the "ins" and "outs" of the game quicker than anything else.

## SAYS FERTILIZER IMPROVES YIELDS

Mr. Washburn of the Consolidated Mining & Smelting Co. of Trail, B. C. addressed the farmers on the subject of phosphate fertilizer in the U. F. A. Hall on Wednesday afternoon and in Scotia School at night.

Mr. Washburn by means of pictures and explorations showed the benefits from the use of fertilizer in resisting loss from wind blowing and soil drifting, from root rot and similar diseases, from insect damage, weed growth and late maturity. He described the most effective use to bring early maturity, increased yields and better crops.

J. B. Wylie recently made an exceptional showing with his Rhode Island Reds at the Provincial Poultry Show held in Edmonton. His winnings were as follows: 1st. cock, 3rd. and 5th. cockerel, 4th. hen, 3rd. and 6th. pullet, 1st. pen, and the Swift Canadian Co. special for the best display of dual purpose hens, all breeds competing.

### School Literary Notes

The first 1932 meeting of the School Literary Society was held in the Masonic Hall, recently. The sports money which Crossfield students won at the School Fair was presented by Mr. Collier. The meeting closed with a short program.

### Warm Time at Five Hundred Party

Mr. and Mrs. C. Fox entertained at five tables of "500" last Thursday evening, when excitement prevailed.

Amidst the game, one of the players began to feel uncomfortably warm, he discovered the couch, upon which he was sitting, was on fire. The cry of "Fire" sounded, followed by screams and advice galore.

Lee Ableman, acting as Fire Chief, assisted by O. E. Jones, successfully managed to get the furniture outside, when C. Fox, as head of the bucket brigade extinguished the fire. Cards were again resumed, and tales of "what might have been" were described frequently.

Mr. and Mrs. Wickerson were awarded first prizes, and Mrs. O. E. Jones and Ian Laut the consolations.

A dainty lunch was then served by the hostess.

Ask J. English what excitement he caused.

The guests departed, declaring although the thermometer said 20 below zero, they were satisfied that it had been quite warm at times, with plenty of thrills.

## Fellowship Notes

The Masonic basement hall was the scene of a very amusing event on Thursday evening when the Fellowship Club held a children's party.

Serious minded farmers, careworn bankmen and sedate old school teachers, cast off their troubles and worries and became children just for the night.

Little girls with big bows and short skirts played with dolls and teddybears; little boys in white waists and knee pants, played marbles and harassed Nurse McCool by plaguing their sisters.

After a short period of dancing lunch was served.

In the pause after lunch Mr. McCool made Vera and Jim a presentation of silver from the Club.

For looking and acting the most childish, Miss Jean Collicutt and Mr. Collier were awarded first prizes and Miss Seville and Mr. Tweedle second.

## Local and General

Percy Griffiths received a cheque for five cents the other days as dividends on some oil shares he had purchased some years ago.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis left today (Thursday) for the Old Country. Enroute they will spend a day in St. Catharines, Ont. with Mr. and Mrs. Dougan, before proceeding to St. Johns, where they will take the boat.

Mr. and Mrs. Everett Bills moved back to the farm today.

Hughie McFadyen who has been laid up for some time following a relapse is recovering slowly.

Street rumors had it around last week that Mr. Mobbs had disposed of his meat market and was leaving for England. Mr. Mobbs has received a deposit from a prospective purchaser but the deal has not been closed.

Now that the Old-Timers Round Up has passed into history for another year, the next big event is the Board of Trade social evening and banquet to be held in the Masonic Hall on Tuesday, Feb. 9th. Banquet at 6.30.

Mrs. Geo-Murdoch who was called to Vancouver sometime ago owing to the serious illness of her mother, returned home on Tuesday's train. Mrs. Murdoch's mother, is much improved in health in spite of the fact that she is over 80 years of age.

Geo. Murdoch, president of the Crossfield and District Old-Timers' Association, had an agreeable surprise pulled on him on Tuesday evening, when after a busy day getting things lined-up for the Round-up, he knocked off about seven o'clock and sat down to the banquet table, and as he looked across the table there sat Mrs. Murdoch, who had arrived home unexpectedly and kept out of his way to surprise him.

NOTICE—I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by the management of the skating rink. (Sgd.) Hughie McFadyen.

WANTED TO RENT—On crop share basis, fully equipped farm. State terms in first letter. Oats and green feed for sale.

E. G. BUTERMAN  
Box 163, Crossfield



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If you found a purp your first impute would be to look in the "Lost and Found" columns of our paper.  
If you have lost a giraffe don't you think the finder would do the same?  
If you wish to find the finder use our Classified Want Ads.  
Responsible by W. B. Harnack

## The Crossfield Chronicle

ESTABLISHED 1907

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THURSDAY, FEB 4th, 1932

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. (Slim) Fenton, on Feb. 1st, a daughter.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. Roy MacDonald of Bottrell, on Jan. 24th, a daughter.

Henry Johnson is laid up with an attack of the gripe.

Glen Williams was taken down with the flu while spending the week end in Calgary.

Adam Cruickshank was laid up for several days with an attack of lumbago, but was able to be about again on Tuesday.

Several members of the Alex Gordon family are laid up with the flu which is prevalent at this time.

Jack Collins who has been receiving medical treatment at the Belcher Hospital, Calgary, returned home last week-end.

The Didsbury bonspiel will be held on Feb. 9 and 10. It is likely that two rinks of Crossfield curlers will enter.

Miss Frances McFadyen who has been working at Okotoks, returned to her home here on Wed. R. M. McCool, M. L. A., left on Wednesday for Edmonton to attend the session of the Legislature which opens on Feb. 4th. Mrs. McCool accompanied him, and will remain in Edmonton during the session.

Keep in mind the Hockey Club dance and basket social in the U. F. A. Hall on Tuesday, Feb. 9th. Music by the Ferguson Melody Boys. Gent's 50c; ladies bring baskets.

Remember the Dance in East Community Hall on Friday, Feb. 12th. Music by the Melody Boys. Admission: Gent's 50c; ladies' please provide.

After a week of extremely cold weather which reached its lowest point on Sunday morning when the thermometer stood at 35 below, a change set in Monday and at 10 p.m. it was 4 above and has been fairly moderate ever since.

## I BUY CATTLE OR SHIP CO-OPERATIVELY.

Thos. Fitzgerald, Phone 315

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GRINDING SKATES**  
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1707 Second Street West Calgary  
W. H. Miller, Agent, Crossfield

## DENTIST

Dr. HARVEY D. DUNCAN,  
218a, 5th Ave. W., opposite Palace  
Theatre, Calgary.

Mr. J. A. HARRY MILLICAN  
of the firm of Millikan & Millikan, Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries, 900 Lancaster Building, Calgary, will be at Trellisway & Springstons' office, Crossfield on Saturday of each week for the general practice of the law.

MONEY TO LOAN PHOSE 3

Dr. S. H. McClelland  
Veterinary Surgeon  
Honour Graduate Ontario Veterinary College

Office—McClelland's Rexall Drug Store. Phone 3 Crossfield

## Council Meetings

The council of the village of Crossfield will meet in the Office of the Secretary Treasurer on the first Monday of each month commencing with February at the hour 9 o'clock p.m.

By Order of the Village Council.  
W. McClelland, Sec. Treas.

## Walter Major

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J. L. McRory

Crossfield Alberta

## Classified Advertisements

For Sale—Wyandotte cockerels and turkey hens. Phone 1312.

Lost—Between East Community Hall and Methers on Jan. 22nd, a pair of skates and light tan boots. Finder please phone 45 or leave at Chronicle office.

For Sale—Pure bred Toulouse geese, \$3.50 a pair. Pure bred White Pekin Ducks, drakes 1.50, ducks 1.25 each. Suitable for school fair. Phone 1408.

For Sale—Fresh Milch Cows; also fat yearling steer. Phone 1310.

Lost—Leather coat, between Stauffer's and McPherson Coulee. Finder please leave at Chronicle office or notify J. Verkuil.

For Sale—Edison Diamond Disc Records at a bargain.—Chronicle office.

For Sale—Section 35, 6 miles west of Crossfield; half under cultivation; water, \$3500 down, balance easy terms. Write to

M. D. HEATHMAN,  
869 E. Ash Portland, Oregon.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—7 h.p. Engine and 7 1/2 inch chopper in good condition. Will trade for chopper suitable for tractor. Apply to

WIN. LANDYMORE  
Phone R604

FOR SALE—Milch Cow, fresh about two months. WANTED—A registered boar, Duroc or Berk. Apply to  
Wm. URQUHART  
Phone R609

FOR SALE—Seed grain, potatoes; Duroc boar; milch cows and a Shorthorn bull.  
THOS. FITZGERALD  
Phone 315

## Sid Jones

HARNESS MAKER  
Shoes and Harness Repaired;  
FOR CASH

Trea Building Crossfield

## Canadian Legion B. E. S. L.

Crossfield Branch  
Meets on the last Saturday of each month in the Fire Hall at 2 p.m.  
Visiting Comrades Welcome.  
A. MONTGOMERY J. CROCKER  
President Secretary

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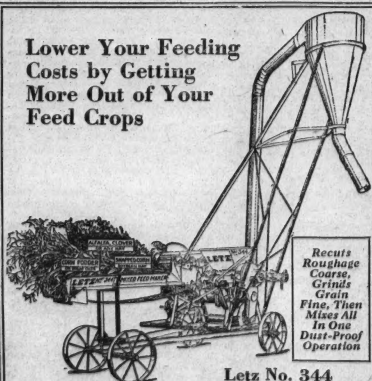
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